

Construction/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan Technical Review and Comment (*Form 1*)

Project Information	Project Name: _____	County: Hancock
	Plan Submittal Date: _____	Hydrologic Unit Code: _____
	Project Location Description:	
	Latitude and Longitude:	
	Civil Township: _____	Quarter: _____
	Section: _____	Township: _____
	Range: _____	
	Project Owner Name: _____	
	Contact: _____	
	Address: _____	
City: _____	State: _____	
Phone: _____	FAX: _____	
E-Mail: _____	Zip: _____	
Plan Preparer Name: _____		
Affiliation: _____		
Address: _____		
City: _____	State: _____	
Phone: _____	FAX: _____	
E-Mail: _____	Zip: _____	

Plan Review	Review Date: _____
	Principal Plan Reviewer: _____
	Agency: _____
	Address: _____
	City: _____
	State: _____
	Phone: _____
	FAX: _____
E-Mail: _____	
Zip: _____	
Assisted By: _____	

PLAN IS ADEQUATE: A comprehensive plan review has been completed and it has been determined that the plan satisfies the minimum requirements and intent of 327 IAC 15-5.

Please refer to additional information included on the following page(s).

Submit Notice of Intent (NOI): *Attach a copy of this cover page when submitting the NOI to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management. Construction activities may begin 48 hours following the submittal of the NOI. A copy of the NOI must also be sent to the Reviewing Authority (e.g. SWCD, DNR).*

A preliminary plan review has been completed; a comprehensive review will not be completed within the 28-day review period. The reviewing authority reserves the right to perform a comprehensive review at a later date and revisions to the plan may be required at that time to address deficiencies.

Please refer to additional information included on the following page(s).

Submit Notice of Intent (NOI): *Attach a copy of this cover page when submitting the NOI to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management. Construction activities may begin 48 hours following the submittal of the NOI. A copy of the NOI must also be sent to the Reviewing Authority (e.g. SWCD, DNR).*

PLAN IS DEFICIENT: Significant deficiencies were identified during the plan review.

Please refer to additional information included on the following page(s).

DO NOT file a Notice of Intent for this project.

DO NOT commence land disturbing activities until all deficiencies are adequately addressed, the plan re-submitted, and notification has been received that the minimum requirements have been satisfied.

Plan Revisions **Deficient Items** should be mailed or delivered to the Principal Plan Reviewer identified in the Plan Review Section above.

Construction/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan - Technical Review and Comment (Form 1)

Project Name: 0
Date Reviewed: 01/00/00

The technical review and comments are intended to evaluate the completeness of the Construction/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for the project. The Plan submitted was not reviewed for the adequacy of the engineering design. All measures included in the plan, as well as those recommended in the comments should be evaluated as to their feasibility by a qualified individual with structural measures designed by a qualified engineer. The Plan has not been reviewed for other local, state, or federal permits that may be required to proceed with this project. Additional information, including design calculations may be requested to further evaluate the Plan.

All proposed stormwater pollution prevention measures and those referenced in this review must meet the design criteria and standards set forth in the "Indiana Stormwater Quality Manual" from the Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Soil Conservation or similar Guidance Documents.

Please direct questions and/or comments regarding this plan review to:

0

Please refer to the address and contact information identified in the Plan Review Section on page 1.

Assessment of Construction Plan Elements (Section A)

The Construction Plan Elements are adequately represented to complete a plan review:

Yes No

The items checked below are deficient and require submittal to meet the requirements of the rule.

A		A	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Index showing locations of required Plan Elements	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 11 by 17 inch plat showing building lot numbers/boundaries and road layout/names
<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Narrative describing the nature and purpose of the project	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Vicinity map showing project location
<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Legal Description of the Project Site (Include Latitude and Longitude - NOI Requirement)	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 Location of all lots and proposed site improvements (roads, utilities, structures, etc.)
<input type="checkbox"/>	7 Hydrologic unit code (14 Digit)	<input type="checkbox"/>	8 Notation of any State or Federal water quality permits
<input type="checkbox"/>	9 Specific points where stormwater discharge will leave the site	<input type="checkbox"/>	10 Location and name of all wetlands, lakes and water courses on and adjacent to the site
<input type="checkbox"/>	11 Identification of all receiving waters	<input type="checkbox"/>	12 Identification of potential discharges to ground water (abandoned wells, sinkholes, etc.)
<input type="checkbox"/>	13 100 year floodplains, floodways, and floodway fringes	<input type="checkbox"/>	14 Pre-construction and post construction estimate of Peak Discharge (10 Year storm event)
<input type="checkbox"/>	15 Adjacent landuse, including upstream watershed	<input type="checkbox"/>	16 Locations and approximate boundaries of all disturbed areas (Construction Limits)
<input type="checkbox"/>	17 Identification of existing vegetative cover	<input type="checkbox"/>	18 Soils map including soil descriptions and limitations
<input type="checkbox"/>	19 Locations, size and dimensions of proposed stormwater systems (e.g. pipes, swales and channels)	<input type="checkbox"/>	20 Plans for any off-site construction activities associated with this project (sewer/water tie-ins)
<input type="checkbox"/>	21 Locations of proposed soil stockpiles and/or borrow/disposal areas	<input type="checkbox"/>	22 Existing site topography at an interval appropriate to indicate drainage patterns
<input type="checkbox"/>	23 Proposed final topography at an interval appropriate to indicate drainage patterns		

Construction/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan - Technical Review and Comment (Form 1)

Project Name: 0
Date Reviewed: 01/00/00

Assessment of Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (Sections B & C)

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan - Construction Component (Section B)

Adequate	Deficient	Not Applicable	B	
				<i>The construction component of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan includes stormwater quality measures to address erosion, sedimentation, and other pollutants associated with land disturbance and construction activities. Proper implementation of the plan and inspections of the construction site are necessary to minimize the discharge of pollutants. The Project Site Owner should be aware that unforeseen construction activities and weather conditions may affect the performance of a practice or the effectiveness of the plan. The plan must be a flexible document, with provisions to modify or substitute practices as necessary.</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Description of potential pollutant sources associated with construction activities
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Sequence describing stormwater quality measure implementation relative to land disturbing activities
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Stable construction entrance locations and specifications (at all points of ingress and egress)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Sediment control measures for sheet flow areas
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Sediment control measures for concentrated flow areas
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 Storm sewer inlet protection measure locations and specifications
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	7 Runoff control measures (e.g. diversions, rock check dams, slope drains, etc.)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	8 Storm water outlet protection specifications
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	9 Grade stabilization structure locations and specifications
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	10 Location, dimensions, specifications, and construction details of each stormwater quality measure
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	11 Temporary surface stabilization methods appropriate for each season (include sequencing)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12 Permanent surface stabilization specifications (include sequencing)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	13 Material handling and spill prevention plan
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	14 Monitoring and maintenance guidelines for each proposed stormwater quality measure
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	15 Erosion & sediment control specifications for individual building lots

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan - Post Construction Component (Section C)

Adequate	Deficient	Not Applicable	C	
				<i>The post construction component of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan includes the implementation of stormwater quality measures to address pollutants that will be associated with the final landuse. Post construction stormwater quality measures should be functional upon completion of the project. Long term functionality of the measures are critical to their performance and should be monitored and maintained.</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Description of pollutants and their sources associated with the proposed land use
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Sequence describing stormwater quality measure implementation
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Description of proposed post construction stormwater quality measures (Include a written description of how these measures will reduce discharge of expected pollutants)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Location, dimensions, specifications, and construction details of each stormwater quality measure
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Description of maintenance guidelines for post construction stormwater quality measures

Construction/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan - Technical Review and Comment

Project Name: 0

Date Reviewed:

The NOI and fee that are submitted by the Project Owner should be mailed directly to the IDEM Cashier at:

IDEM

Urban Wet Weather Section

Cashiers Office, Attn: QWQ Rule 5

PO Box 7060

Indianapolis, IN 46207-7060

Remember to send a copy of the NOI to the Plan Reviewer please

<http://www.in.gov/idem/water/npdes/permits/wetwthr/storm/rule5.html>

It is **your responsibility** to notify the Project Owner and the local Planning & Zoning Director

Rule 5 Plan Content Guidance based on the new plan review checklist:

This is initial guidance on what is expected for the plan content items required by the Phase II version of 327IAC15-5 which became effective November 26, 2003. This information should be considered basic guidance. Situations on a particular site or project may necessitate additional information to satisfy the intent of the rule.

A1 Plan Index showing locations of required items:

The plan index should include a list of the required items in the rule and where they occur in the plan. Plan preparers often have their plan index mirror items in our standard plan review checklist. Placing a high level of importance on the plan index may seem trivial; however it is critical to the efficiency of the plan review process. The presence of the index should significantly increase the speed of the plan review process.

A2 11 X 17 inch plat showing building lot numbers/boundaries and road layout/names:

The reduced size plat of the project is intended to be a basic representation of the project layout. At a minimum it should include building lot boundaries, lot numbers, road layout, and road names. It is not intended to be a complete representation of the construction plan or the stormwater pollution prevention plan. The purpose of the reduced plat is primarily to provide staff a simplified layout of the project that can be used as an aide when conducting an inspection of the project site.

The plat should be legible, therefore based on the size of the project it is acceptable to have multiple sheets of 11 X 17.

(This item is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

A3 Narrative describing project nature and purpose:

The plan should include information regarding the nature and purpose of the project. Typically this information would appear in a narrative; however it is also acceptable for the plan reviewer to determine the nature and purpose of the project from other information contained in the plan.

A4 Vicinity map showing project location:

The plan should include a map that depicts the site in relation to other areas in the city or county and should be sufficient for someone not familiar with the area to find the project site location. Acceptable map types include USGS topographic maps, county road maps, city street maps, custom drawn maps, etc. (as long as they adequately depict the site location).

A5 Legal Description of the Project Site:

The legal description of the project site should be identified to the nearest quarter section and include township and range coordinates, and Civil Township name. While the longitude and latitude coordinates are not a requirement of the plan; the checklist does mention these items to encourage inclusion by the plan preparer.

A6 Location of all lots and proposed site improvements:

Lot boundaries and numbers are required to be shown on the plan. In addition, the plan should show all proposed site improvements, including but not limited to utilities, roads (names, if available), structures, and common areas.

Single lot projects should show the location of any proposed structures.

A7 Hydrologic unit code:

The hydrologic unit code should be identified to the 14 digit code. The code identified in the plan should represent the watershed(s) in which the project is located.

Field offices may need to assist applicants in acquiring this information.

A8 Notation of any State or Federal water quality permits:

The plan should identify any permits required related to water quality, such as Construction in a Floodway from DNR, 401 Water Quality Certification from IDEM, 404 permits from US Army Corps of Engineers, etc.

It is not necessary for the project site owner to possess permits applicable to his/her project to receive approval of their plan pursuant to 327 IAC 15-5.

A9 Specific points where stormwater discharge will leave the site:

The plan should clearly identify where stormwater will exit the site. It is not necessary that the location be identified with a note on the plan, unless it is not clear from the topographic or storm drainage system information.

A10 Location and name of all wetlands, lakes, and water courses on and adjacent to the site:

This information is important in evaluating the proposed stormwater pollution prevention measures to insure that they are adequate and appropriate to reduce the impact to natural areas associated with the project site. Identification of nearby watercourses and lakes may place an additional importance on sediment control in a particular area of the project.

A11 Identify all Receiving Waters:

The plan should identify all named streams, or other water bodies that will potentially receive runoff from the project site. If the discharge is to a municipal storm sewer, the plan should identify the owner of the storm drain system as well as the ultimate receiving water for the storm drain system.

A12 Identification of potential discharges to groundwater:

The plan should include the location of all areas where stormwater may be potentially discharged to groundwater. These areas include sinkholes or uncapped abandoned wells, which may be located on the project site or downstream of the project site and could potentially be impacted by stormwater discharge. It could also include stormwater infiltration practices such as drywells, which may be planned as part of the project. These areas need to be clearly located in the plan, with adequate protection measures to prevent contaminated runoff from entering the groundwater. Abandoned wells should be properly capped.

A13 100 Year Floodplains, floodways, and floodway fringes:

This information is relevant to the project if a stream is located on or near the property. If applicable to the project site, the plan should at a minimum include a discussion of their existence and to further extent delineation on the plan.

A14 Pre-construction and post construction estimate of Peak Discharge:

This information is a required element of the plan and has been included to place emphasis on the impact projects can have related to runoff quantities and velocities.

There are several acceptable methods of calculating these figures, including the rational method, TR55, etc.

(This item is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

A15 Adjacent landuse, including upstream watershed:

This information provides a basis to evaluate the overall project including potential downstream impacts, but also other contributing factors that are discharging onto the project site. It is important to have an understanding of the impact the project may have on surrounding properties and sensitive areas, but also have an understanding of the runoff and other potential pollutants that may be discharged from areas in the watershed above the project.

The intent of this element is to identify the types of landuse, such as single-family residential, multi-family residential, commercial, agricultural, forested, etc.

A16 Locations and approximate boundaries of all disturbed areas:

The plan should identify the construction limits of the project. The extent of disturbance has a profound impact on what practices may be necessary to adequately control erosion and the resulting sediment. If disturbance boundaries are not identified inside of the property boundary, the plan reviewer should consider the entire site as being disturbed for the purposes of evaluating the proposed stormwater pollution prevention measures.

A17 Identification of existing vegetative cover:

The plan should delineate the boundaries of major vegetative cover types, such as grass, brush, trees, etc. It is not necessary for the plan to identify individual vegetative species.

A18 Soils map including descriptions and limitations:

Each plan should provide a soil map for the project site. The map should be accompanied by descriptions of each soil type that occurs on the site. A legible copy of the appropriate soil map from the USDA soil survey for the county is sufficient. Boring logs and a geotechnical report or site mapping by a soil scientist should also be considered acceptable means of satisfying this requirement.

In addition to a soil map and a description of the soil types, the plan should include a discussion of the soil characteristics and limitations associated with the project site and the measures that will be integrated into the project to overcome any limitations. For example, if sanitary sewer does not service the site and on-site septic systems will be used for waste disposal, the plan preparer should provide information concerning the suitability of the soil and the type of systems that will be required to overcome soil limitations.

A19 Locations, size and dimensions of proposed stormwater systems:

All proposed stormwater systems, including swales, channels, piping, culverts, etc. should be clearly shown in the plan. In addition to location, the plan should include the size and dimensions of the specific stormwater systems.

A20 Plan for any off-site construction activities associated with this project:

Any off-site services such as sanitary sewers, waterlines, other utilities, roads, etc. which are off of the proposed project site, but are necessary to provide service to the project must be included in the plan submitted for the project, if the project site owner is responsible for paying for the off-site service.

If the utility or local government is paying for the construction of the off-site tie-in, then they do not need to be included as part of the project submittal, but should be submitted separately, if the disturbance will be 1 acre or more.

It is important that the project site owner realize that all land disturbance associated with their project is subject to compliance with the rule. The same burden of compliance is necessary for these off-site areas as they are for the project site itself. If there are not off-site activities, or others are conducting the off-site activities, a simple note to that effect should be sufficient to satisfy this requirement.

A21 Locations of proposed soil stockpiles, borrow and/or disposal areas:

Similar to item A20, this information needs to be submitted as part of the plan. Often times borrow and disposal areas occur off of the project site. Unless these areas are commercially operated facilities, they need to be included as part of the plan submittal. These areas must also be included when they occur on site. If there are no stockpile, borrow or disposal areas planned, a simple note to that effect should be sufficient to satisfy this requirement.

A22 Existing site topography at an interval appropriate to show detailed drainage patterns:

Site topography may be depicted in multiple ways such as continuous contour lines and spot elevations (as long as there are a sufficient number of locations to be able to visualize the site topography). A graphical profile of the project may also be acceptable for highway, road, utility and other lineal projects.

A23 Proposed final topography at an interval appropriate to show detailed drainage patterns:

Site topography may be depicted in multiple ways such as continuous contour lines and spot elevations (as long as there are a sufficient number of locations to be able to visualize the site topography). A graphical profile of the project may also be acceptable for highway, road, utility and other lineal projects.

Assessment of Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan – Construction Component (Section B)

B1 Description of potential pollutant sources associated with the construction activities:

This item is included in the rule to place an emphasis on identification of pollutants that are associated with construction activity. In the past, the emphasis has been on sediment reduction; however the rule requires the plan preparer to identify other potential pollutants and their sources. Potential pollutant sources include material and fuel storage areas, fueling locations, exposed soils, leaking vehicles and equipment, etc.

To satisfy this item, the plan needs to contain a written description of the expected pollutants that could enter stormwater during the construction operation, and where those potential pollutants might be generated. In addition, the plan preparer should include and discussion of measures or operational activities that will be initiated to minimize the danger of pollutants entering stormwater.

(This item is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

B2 Sequence describing stormwater quality measure implementation relative to land disturbing activities: Each plan should contain multiple stormwater pollution prevention measures. All measures will not be installed at the same time. Various measures will be installed at different times throughout the construction process. Some will be installed prior to any land disturbance, such as the construction entrance and some initial perimeter sediment control measures. Others may not be necessary until work at the site progresses to an area where they are necessary. Each proposed measure should be identified in the sequence as to when it is to be installed in relation to land disturbing activities. Specific dates of installation are not necessary or the intent of this requirement.

B3 Stable construction entrance locations and specifications: All projects with the exception of some lineal projects and residential strip developments should have a stable construction entrance. All access points to a project must have a stabilized entrance. The plan should clearly show the location of all proposed stable entrance locations, as well as specifications and construction details regarding how the stable entrance is to be constructed and maintained.

B4 Sediment control measures for sheet flow areas: This item is intended to evaluate the areas of the site where runoff will be primarily in a sheet flow condition. The reviewer should evaluate these areas and the proposed sediment control measures to insure that the proposed measures are adequate for the situation. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

B5 Sediment control measures for concentrated flow areas: This item is intended to evaluate the areas of the site where runoff will be primarily in a concentrated flow condition. The reviewer should evaluate these areas and the proposed sediment control measures to insure that the proposed measures are adequate for the situation. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

B6 Storm sewer inlet protection measure locations and specifications: If surface inlets, including curb inlets, are present, the plan should include protection measures to prevent sediment from entering the storm drain system. The proposed practices should be appropriate for the type of inlet it is proposed to protect. Alternate measures, such as seeding and curbside protection may be considered as adequate protection, if sufficient to prevent sediments from entering the street and curb inlets. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

B7 Runoff control measures: This item refers to measures such as diversions, rock check dams, slope drains, etc. These types of measures may not be necessary on every project. However, if the plan reviewer feels that they are necessary, the plan should be evaluated as to whether the issue was adequately addressed in the plan. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

B8 Stormwater outlet protection specifications: All stormwater discharge locations need to be adequately protected to prevent scour erosion. The plan should specify protection measures appropriate for the situation. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

B9 Grade Stabilization structure locations and specifications: This item refers to measures such as rock chutes, toe wall and drop structures, etc. These types of measures may not be necessary on every project. However, if the plan reviewer feels that they are necessary, the plan should be evaluated as to whether the issue was adequately addressed in the plan. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

B10 Location, dimensions, specifications and construction details of each stormwater quality measure: Each proposed measure should be clearly located in the plan. Some plans may not provide the location in a pictorial format on the plan drawings, but may provide clear text or a table to depict where various practices should be located. This should be adequate to satisfy the requirement as long as the reviewer can determine the location in the plan. Each proposed measure must also be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

Temporary or permanent surface stabilization is required on any bare or thinly vegetated area that is scheduled or likely to remain inactive for a period of 15 days or more.

B11 Temporary surface stabilization methods appropriate for each season: The plan should provide detailed specifications, including sequencing information, regarding which stabilization methods are to be employed. There should be multiple methods, as the various seasons need to be considered. Even if the project is expected to be short lived, these seasonal options must be supplied. Delays are common in the construction industry and projects take longer than expected. The plan needs to cover these contingencies.

For applications that include seeding, the plan preparer should provide application rates for soil amendments and seed mixtures. The type and application rate for anchored mulch.

B12 Permanent surface stabilization specifications: The permanent stabilization methods should be clearly specified, including sequencing information, in the plan.

The plan preparer should provide application rates for soil amendments and seed mixtures and the type and application rate for anchored mulch.

B13 Material handling and spill prevention plan: The plan should include a list of expected materials that may be present on the site during construction operations. A written description of how these materials will be handled to minimize the potential the materials will enter stormwater runoff should accompany the list of materials. There should also be procedures directing the contractor on the required response to any spills that may occur during construction operations.

(This item is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

B14 Monitoring and maintenance guidelines for each proposed pollution prevention measure:

Each proposed measure must be accompanied by instructions for evaluating the practice for maintenance needs once installed.

The maintenance guidelines for the project should also include instructions on how the monitoring and maintenance procedures are to be carried out. The Phase II version of the rule requires that the project site owner or their representative, knowledgeable in erosion and sediment control, inspect the site for stormwater pollution prevention deficiencies at least weekly and again within 24 hours of every ½ inch rain event. The plan should clearly describe these required maintenance procedures.

B15 Erosion & Sediment control specifications for individual building lots: If the project has multiple lots where independent activities are likely to occur, the plan should provide clear guidance as to the required minimum standards for erosion and sediment control during construction operations on the individual lots. The Phase II version of the rule places specific requirements on activities conducted on individual building lots. The minimum standards in the plan should meet the minimum lot requirements established in Section 7.5 of the rule, and should follow the standards set forth in the "Erosion and Sediment Control for Individual Building Lots" brochure available on the Division of Soil Conservation's website. The plan reviewer should also take into account the relative size of the lots and steepness of the lots when determining whether provisions in the plan appear to be adequate.

Reviewing plan for Rule 5 post construction requirements

There are several new requirements in the revised version of 327 IAC 15-5. Several of these new requirements involve the potential pollutants that will be generated from the completed project. Every landuse has certain pollutants that are generated simply based on the facility or the activities being conducted on the property. The intent of the Clean Water Act rules established by US EPA is to minimize pollutants generated from new construction projects, including the post construction pollutants that will be generated by the proposed landuse change. 327 IAC 15-5 has incorporated requirements to address these issues.

The post construction stormwater pollution prevention plan must include the implementation of stormwater quality measures to address pollutants that will be associated with the final landuse of the project. Post construction stormwater quality measures should be functional upon completion of the project. Long-term functionality of the measures is critical to their performance and should be monitored and maintained. The intent of these provisions in the regulation is not to just simply plug in practices to treat the expected post construction pollutants. Emphasis should be on designing the project, or modifying the design of a project, to minimize the generation of pollutants in the first place. It will be impossible for current and future landowners to eliminate all potential pollutants. Once design considerations have been made to minimize the generation, then additional practices may need to be added to the project to treat the runoff and trap the pollutants that could not be prevented. The main objective is that everyone realizes that all types of landuse carry with them pollutants and pollutant sources, and that it is possible to modify the project site design to reduce the pollutant sources and, with additional treatment practices, reduce the amount of pollutants potentially impacting the environment.

Projects need to comply with the post construction requirements set forth in 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8). The following descriptions should help in determining whether the information submitted in a plan is sufficient to comply with the intent of the rule.

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan – Post Construction Component (Section C)

(This section of items is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

C1 Description of pollutants and their sources associated with the proposed land use.

(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(A) A description of potential pollutant sources from the proposed land use, which may reasonably be expected to add a significant amount of pollutants to stormwater discharges.)

The plan should include a narrative description that discusses the proposed project and the expected pollutants that typically are generated by this type of land use. The description should also discuss the sources of these pollutants within the finished project site (e.g., oil, grease, antifreeze, brake fluid, brake dust, rubber fragments, gasoline, diesel fuel and other hydrocarbons, and metals from vehicular and other sources, grit (sediment) from wearing of the road surface and falling or washing off of vehicles, trash (including bacteria and other biological agents contained in the trash) from littering and other types of improper disposal or storage, and elevated receiving water temperatures from stormwater runoff contact with impervious surfaces).

C2 Sequence describing stormwater quality measure implementation.

(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(D) A sequence describing when each post construction stormwater quality measure will be installed.)

The plan should provide a sequence of when the proposed post construction stormwater quality measures will be installed. Pay close attention to practices, like basins or ponds that could be utilized during construction for sediment control. They should not be installed late in the project simply to reduce cleanout burdens.

C3 Description of proposed post construction stormwater quality measures.

(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(C) A description of measures that will be installed to control pollutants in stormwater discharges that will occur after construction activities have been completed. Such practices include infiltration of run-off, flow reduction by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, buffer strip and riparian zone preservation, filter strip creation, minimization of land disturbance and surface imperviousness, maximization of open space, and stormwater retention and detention ponds,

327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(E) Stormwater quality measures that will remove or minimize pollutants from stormwater run-off,

and 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(F) Stormwater quality measures that will be implemented to prevent or minimize adverse impacts to stream and riparian habitat.)

Items C, E & F from the rule listed above require similar information and may be provided in a single narrative description within the plan.

The plan should include a narrative description that discusses how the project was designed to minimize the generation of post construction pollutants, and how the proposed post construction stormwater quality measures will improve the quality of the stormwater discharge from the finished project. Many times, it will be possible for a project to comply without installing elaborate and expensive treatment systems. Reducing impervious surfaces and increasing vegetative surfaces to trap pollutants may be sufficient. Sometimes, management practices, such as more frequent street sweeping or reduced fertilizer and pesticide applications, may have a significant positive impact on stormwater quality.

If a stream is located on, or near, the project site, the plan preparer should provide a narrative description of what measures were specifically implemented or how the project was designed to protect the stream from post construction pollutants.

C4 Location, dimensions, specifications and construction details of each stormwater quality measure. *(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(B) Location, dimensions, detailed specifications, and construction details of all post construction stormwater quality measures.)*

All proposed post construction stormwater quality measures should be clearly shown on the plan, and should include specifications and construction details similar to those that have long been required for erosion and sediment control measures during construction

C5 Description of maintenance guidelines for proposed post construction water quality measures. *(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(G) A narrative description of the maintenance guidelines for all post construction stormwater quality measures to facilitate their proper long term function. This narrative description shall be made available to future parties who will assume responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the post construction stormwater quality measures.)*

All proposed measures must be accompanied by guidelines for monitoring and maintenance. If manufactured products are involved, the manufacturer should be able to provide detailed information to the plan preparer regarding monitoring and maintenance procedures and frequencies. The plan should also identify the parties or individuals that will be responsible for the future long-term maintenance. This identification does not need to be a name of an individual, as they may not be known at the time of plan submittal. A description of the entity (e.g., homeowner's association, name of the government department, if the measures will be turned over to the local government, etc.) should be sufficient.